

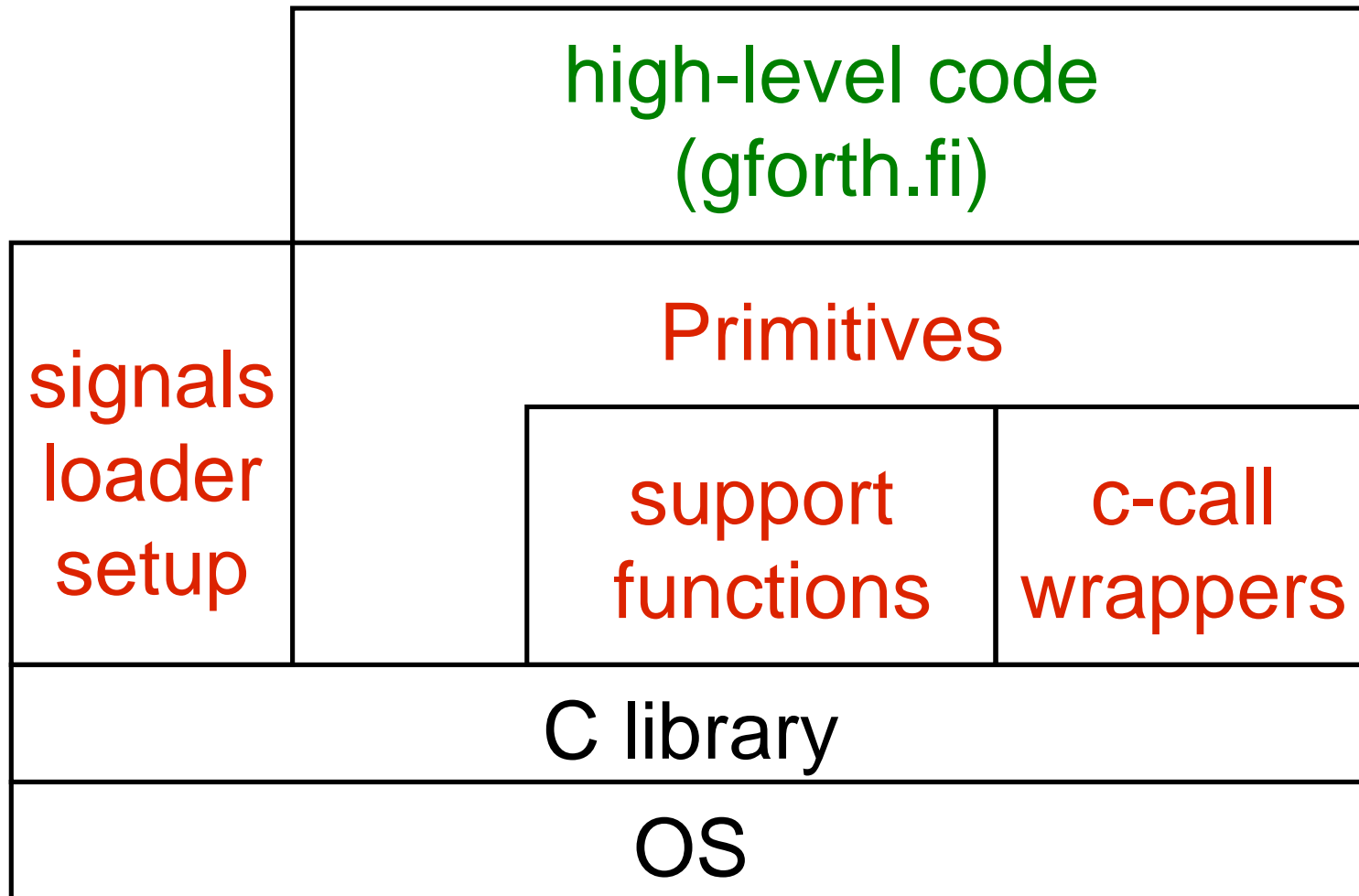
How to get rid of C

M. Anton Ertl
TU Wien

Problem: C has become unreliable

- 186 undefined behaviours in C standard
- every real-world program has them
- C compiler maintainers focus exclusively on programs without undefined behaviours benchmarks (SPEC)
- bug reports are not taken seriously
- \Rightarrow We want to get rid of C

Gforth components



Primitives

- replace with native-code compiler on popular platforms
- keep existing primitives on other platforms
 - ⇒ we cannot get rid of C
 - remove non-standard usage when gcc acts up
 - no longer work around performance problems
 - ⇒ slowdown
- Or maybe some primitives in assembly language
high-level replacement for others

Native-code compiler

- Still want to use image files
- Compiler from image files to native code
- For interactive use:
Compiler from threaded-like code to native code
threaded-like code allows storing image files
- For bootstrapping:
Compiler from image files to assembly language

Support functions

- Called by primitives
e.g. mixed division
- replaced by native-code compiler
- or high-level code

Calling C

- For system calls
Alternative: direct system calls
additional system-specific stuff to implement
CPU-specific optimizations
- For library calls
- use wrappers like now?
- teach calling convention to native-code compiler
Use `extern`: for specifying C functions

Setup, loader, signals

- Could be replaced with Forth code on systems with native-code compiler
- But: two versions to maintain
- not performance-sensitive
Slowdown from C standards compliance should not be noticeable

Conclusion

- Getting away from C is a long-term effort
- Is it worthwhile to get rid of C completely?