Assignment 3

Advanced Functional Programming

Topic: Specification-based Testing Issued on: 03/19/2008, due date: 04/28/2008

For this assignment a Haskell script named AssFFP3.hs shall be written offering functions which solve the problems described below. This file AssFFP3.hs shall be stored in your home directory, as usual on the top most level. Comment your

programs meaningfully. Use constants and auxiliary functions, where appropriate.

In Haskell, an editor buffer can be realized as a string together with the position of a cursor as shown below:

```
type Buffer = (Int,String)
                                   -- the empty buffer
empty
       :: Buffer
insert
       :: Char -> Buffer -- insert character before cursor
delete :: Buffer -> Buffer
                                   -- delete character before cursor
       :: Buffer -> Buffer
                                   -- move cursor left one character
left
       :: Buffer -> Buffer
                                   -- move cursor right one character
right
atLeft :: Buffer -> Bool
                                   -- is cursor at left end?
atRight :: Buffer -> Bool
                                   -- is cursor at right end?
```

- Provide implementations for the above functions of an editor buffer.
- A more efficient implementation of the editor buffer is possible if the data type

```
type BufferI = (String,String)
```

is used instead of Buffer. We here assume that the first string gives in reverse order the characters up to (but not including) the one at the cursor position, the second string the characters starting at (and including) the character at the cursor position.

Provide implementations for the above buffer functions on the new data type BufferI, which shall be denoted emptyI, insertI, etc.

- Define a Haskell function retrieve with signature retrieve :: BufferI -> Buffer, which maps a buffer given in "efficient" representation to the equivalent buffer in the standard representation.
- Check, using QuickCheck, the correctness of the implementation of the buffer functions on BufferI with respect to the corresponding functions on Buffer. We consider the latter as the specification of the buffer operations for this purpose. Define similarly to the example on queues in lecture part 3 for each of the above functions one (or more) properties in your Haskell program

allowing to check the desired equivalence of functions. Regarding names, please follow the naming convention used in the example on queues from lecture part 2.